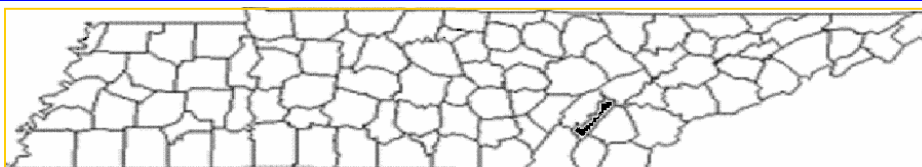


The Status of Women in Meigs County



STATUS OF WOMEN IN MEIGS COUNTY: AN OVERVIEW

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INDICATOR	DATA	COUNTY RANKING
		(of 95 Counties)
COMPOSITE EMPLOYMENT & EARNINGS INDEX	69.20	88
Women's Annual Earnings	\$20,419	65
Women's Earnings as a Percentage of Men's Earnings (Wage Gap)	69.2%	74
Women's Labor Force Participation Rate	36.2%	89
Female Unemployment Rate	6.9%	66
Women in Managerial or Professional Occupations	27.0%	52
COMPOSITE ECONOMIC AUTONOMY INDEX	67.63	87
Businesses that are Women-Owned (% of total)	16.3%	75
Women with a Four-Year College Degree (%)	8.4%	73
Women With a High School Diploma (%)	65.9%	69
Female High School Dropout Rate	7.3%	55
Women with any Kind of Health Insurance Coverage (%)	87.3%	82
Women Earning Incomes Below the Poverty Level (%)	19.4%	79
Single Female-Headed Households Living In Poverty (%)	10.3%	61
Adolescent Pregnancy Rate (Ages 10-19)	33.3	47

Report Overview: This publication on the Status of Women in Meigs County is part of a statewide publication of the Tennessee Economic Council on Women, *The Status of Women in Tennessee Counties, 2004*. The Economic Council on Women is a State agency created under TCA § 4-50-100, et seq. by the One Hundredth General Assembly in 1998 to address the economic needs of Tennessee women.

The Status of Women in Tennessee Counties

MEIGS

Women have taken remarkable strides towards economic equality, from education to earnings to political participation. Women are now pursuing goals such as business ownership, leadership roles in their careers, and election to state and federal political office. However, obstacles still exist in the climb toward equality. Nationwide, equal numbers of men and women are obtaining four-year college degrees; however, these gains have not translated into pay equity. The average college-educated woman working full time earns \$44,200 a year compared to \$61,800 for men in the same category. Women are still under-represented in many of the highest paying, fastest growing sectors of the economy. Helping women break into these traditionally male-dominated areas like computer science, engineering, mathematics and technology, as well as all skilled-labor positions, gives women tools for self-sufficiency and understanding of their personal capabilities, and these advances are good for the economy of our counties and of our state.

Employment and Earnings

The employment and earnings index includes data on women's annual earnings, the earnings gender gap, female labor force participation rate, the female unemployment rate, and the percent of women in managerial or professional occupations.

- ◇ Women in the county have median annual earnings of \$20,419 while their male counterparts have median earnings of \$29,521. For both the annual earnings and the wage gap indicators Meigs County ranks in the bottom thirty counties.
- ◇ Meigs County has only a 36.2% female labor force participation rate but women still represent 42.1% of the county's workforce.
- ◇ The female unemployment rate in Meigs County (6.9%) is slightly higher than the overall county unemployment rate of 6.3%.
- ◇ Of working women in Meigs County 27.0% are employed in managerial or professional occupations which is a high percentage compared to the 16.6% of all employed persons in the county who work in such occupations.

Economic Autonomy

The economic autonomy index includes information on educational attainment, business ownership and general quality of life issues.

- ◇ Meigs ranks among the bottom thirty counties in five of the eight economic autonomy indicators.
- ◇ Only 65.9% of women in Meigs County have a high school diploma, but that percentage is still higher than the percentage of all county residents with a high-school level degree (63.5%).
- ◇ 7.0% of all county residents have at least a bachelor's degree while 8.4% of women hold such a degree.
- ◇ Over 700 women in the county have no kind of health insurance coverage, and of the female labor force, over 19 percent of them are earning wages below the poverty level.
- ◇ Though 15.8% of families live in poverty in Meigs County, the percentage rises to 45.0% for families with a female householder and no husband present.
- ◇ 16.3% of private businesses in the county are owned by women but female-owned businesses account for just 4.7% of the total income and receipts from private firms in Meigs County.
- ◇ Women are well represented in the county government. Representing 50.6% of eligible voters in the county, women hold 9 out of the 19 elected county positions.

The Status of Women in Tennessee Counties

MEIGS

		Meigs County	Rank of Meigs County	Highest Ranking County
Earnings	Median Annual Earnings for FT Females	\$20,419	65	Williamson: \$32,243
	Wage Gap	69.2%	74	Davidson: 82.1%
Employment	Female Labor Force Participa- tion Rate	36.2%	89	Rutherford: 50.9%
	Female Unemployment Rate	6.9%	66	Pickett: 1.5%
	Percent of Employed Females in Management, Prof., and Related Occupations	27.0%	52	Anderson: 44.6%
	Women Owned Business % of Total	16.3%	75	Moore: 63.3%
Education	% of Females with 4 Year Degree or Better	8.4%	73	Williamson: 39.5%
	% of Females with High School Diploma (or equiva- lency)	65.9%	69	Williamson: 90.6%
	Female Dropout Rate	7.3%	55	Clay/Pickett: 0.0%
Lifestyles	% of Women with any kind of Health Insurance Coverage	87.3%	82	Williamson: 100%
	% of Women Living Below Poverty Level Incomes	19.4%	79	Williamson: 5.4%
	% of all Female Headed Households with Children in Poverty	10.3%	61	Williamson: 2.5%
	Rate of Pregnancy of Girls Aged 10-19 per 1000	33.3	47	Williamson: 1.2%

ABOUT THE COUNCIL AND THIS REPORT

Meigs County

The Status of Women in Tennessee Counties report offers an economic profile of women in each county of Tennessee and examines how women's rights and equality vary among the counties. The report presents data and overall rankings in two categories of women's economic status: employment and earnings and economic autonomy. Indicators of women's status in each category make up the composite rankings of the counties.

The employment and earnings section presents data on women's annual earnings, the earnings gender gap, female labor force participation rate, the female unemployment rate, and the percentage of women in managerial occupations.

The economic autonomy section includes information on the percentage of businesses owned by women, educational attainment levels, percentage of households headed by a single female, single female headed households living in poverty, percentage of women with health insurance, the high school dropout rate and the teen pregnancy rate.

The **Tennessee Economic Council on Women** was created in 1998 by the Tennessee General Assembly to assess Tennessee women's economic status. The Council develops and advocates solutions to address women's needs in order to help women achieve economic autonomy. In setting its priorities, the Council selects issues that are timely and likely to result in positive changes for women.

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Visit the Tennessee Economic Council on Women at www.tennesseewomen.org

SOURCES	
Earnings and Employment	
Median Annual Earnings for Full Time Employed Females	U.S Census Bureau, 2000
Wage Gap (Female Earnings as a Percentage of Earnings)	U.S Census Bureau, 2000
Female Labor Force Participation Rate	U.S Census Bureau, 2000
Female Unemployment Rate	U.S Census Bureau, 2000
Percent of Employed Females in Management, Professional, and Related Occupations	U.S Census Bureau, 2000
Economic Autonomy	
Women-owned Business, Percent of total	Economic Census, 1997
Percent of Females w/4yr Degree or Better	U.S Census Bureau, 2000
Percent of Females with a High School Diploma (or equivalency)	U.S Census Bureau, 2000
Female Dropout Rate	U.S Census Bureau, 2000
Percent of Women with Any Kind of Health Insurance Coverage	Tennessee Department of Health, 2002
Percent of Women Living Below Poverty Level Incomes	U.S Census Bureau, 2000
Percent of all Female Headed Households with Children in Poverty	U.S Census Bureau, 2000
Rate of Pregnancy of Girls Aged 10-19 per 1000	Tennessee Department of Health, 2002
Voter Demographics and Elected County Officials	National Association of Counties